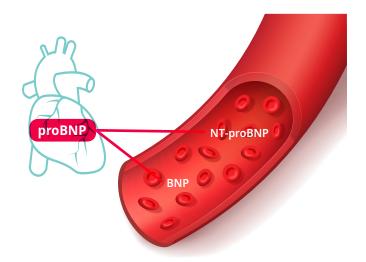




## What is NT-proBNP?

B-type natriuretic peptide (BNP) which is produced in the cardiac myocytes increases with excessive stretching of the cells.<sup>2</sup> This proBNP is cleaved into BNP and a by-product called N-terminal pro-B type natriuretic peptide (NT-proBNP).<sup>1</sup> NT-proBNP is stable and has a long half-life, making it a more desirable biomarker.



## What NT-proBNP levels tell us

NT-proBNP concentration reflects the degree of cardiac activation secondary to stimulus, such as stretching<sup>2</sup>, allowing this marker to be used to assess the magnitude of cardiac muscle stretching.

#### To screen for asymptomatic heart disease

- · Prior to anesthesia
- In apparently healthy cats with heart murmurs
- At risk breeds Maine Coon, Ragdoll, Birman, Persian

#### To determine cardiac or respiratory disease

- In cats with respiratory signs such as dyspnea, tachypnea
- To differentiate cardiac and respiratory causes of dyspnea

#### To determine the severity of heart disease

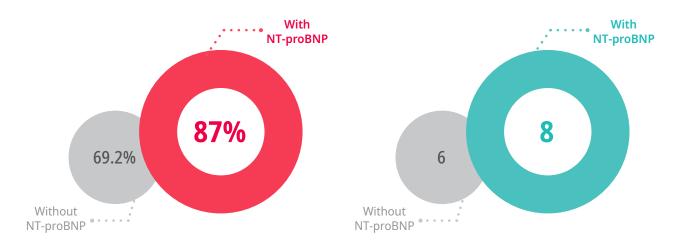
- For monitoring stabilization of CHF during hospitalization
- For predicting survival in cats with CHF<sup>4</sup>

\*CHF: Congestive Heart Failure

NT-proBNP should be interpreted in the context of other appropriate information, such as echocardiography, thoracic radiography, history and evaluation of clinical signs, to improve the accuracy of diagnosis.

# The accuracy of diagnosis

# The confidence score of diagnosis



The ability to differentiate cardiac from non-cardiac causes of respiratory signs is a vital initial step in achieving an accurate diagnosis and appropriate treatment.<sup>3</sup>

# **Clinical Algorithm**

NT-proBNP testing in asymptomatic cats, NT-proBNP testing in cats with respiratory signs, Asymptomatic cats with Cats with cardiac risk factors Respiratory signs (e.g. dyspnea) **Screening test Screening test** Vcheck NT-proBNP Vcheck NT-proBNP < 100 pmol/L  $\geq$  100 pmol/L < 270 pmol/L ≥ 270 pmol/L Definitive High possibility of a Recheck after High possibility of diagnosis of Primary respiratory a Heart failure 6-12 months heart disease by disease echocardiography Definitive diagnosis of heart disease by

echocardiography

#### **Specifications**

• Species : Cat

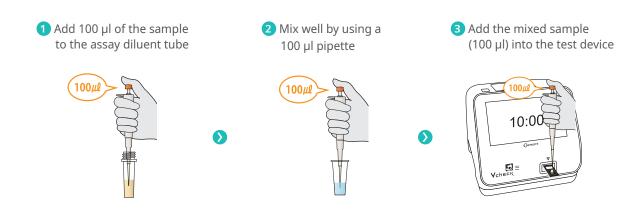
Sample : Serum 100 µl
Testing Time : 10 minutes
Measurement : Quantitative

Measurement Range: 50 – 1,500 pmol/L

Storage Condition: 1 - 30 °C



#### **Test Procedure**



Samples should be tested immediately after collection. Alternatively, freeze the samples at -20 °C or below.

\* Degradation of NT-proBNP may occur if stored at room temperature or refrigerated, leading to false negative results.

#### **Reference Ranges**

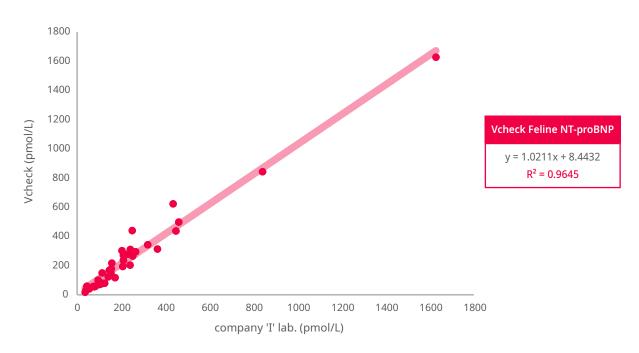
< 100 pmol/L	≥ 100 pmol/L	
Normal	Abnormal	
	Additional diagnostics are recommended	

- A positive NT-proBNP test result should always be interpreted in combination and other diagnostic findings.
- In cats with respiratory signs, if the NT-proBNP is >270 pmol/L, CHF is the most likely cause of the clinical signs.

#### Performance

• Strong correlation with an ELISA method from 'I' laboratories

#### Comparative evaluation of Feline NT-proBNP (N=37)



#### **Reproducibility and Accuracy**



#### **Ordering Information**

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF130DC	Vcheck Feline NT-proBNP	Device	5 Tests/Kit

#### **Key Features**

Quantitative measurement

Quantitative NT-proBNP results can be obtained for more accurate evaluation

High correlation with company 'I' lab

Vcheck Feline NT-proBNP has a strong correlation ( $R^2 = 0.96$ ) with an ELISA method from 'I' laboratories

A wide range of measurement

Detailed measurement of 50 - 1,500 pmol/L can be obtained

A user-friendly procedure & Fast results

Improved user convenience by having a simple 1-step procedure and quick results within 10 min.

#### **Indications**

- In cats with Respiratory signs or Cardiac risk factors
- In high-risk cat breeds
- Preanesthesia evaluation
- For monitoring during hospitalization
- For predicting a survival time



#### Cardiac risk factors in cats

- Gallon rhythm
- Heart murmurs
- Arrhythmia
- Radiographic cardiomegaly
- Left axis shift on an ECG

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- 7. Connolly, DJ , et al. The effect of protease inhibition on the temporal stability of NT-proBNP in feline plasma at room temperature. J Vet Cardiol 2011;13:13–19.

